Defendant(s).

	IN THE UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT
	FOR THE NORTHERN DIST	TRICT OF CALIFORNIA
	SAN JOSE D	IVISION
Edward B. Foster,	,	NO. C 03-02644 JW
Pla	intiff(s),	
v.		ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S
Metropolitan Life al.,	Insurance Company, et	MOTION TO REOPEN DISCOVERY

Presently before this Court is Plaintiff's Motion to Reopen Discovery (hereinafter "Plaintiff's Motion," Docket Item No. 49). Plaintiff originally filed his Motion on August 6, 2004. On November 16, 2004, this Court deemed Plaintiff's Motion as moot, believing that the parties had settled this case. (See Order to Show Cause Regarding Settlement; Order Deeming All Unresolved Motions as Moot, Docket Item No. 70.) Settlement, however, never materialized because Defendant presented inaccurate information to Plaintiff during their settlement conference. (See Order Denying Motion to Enforce Settlement; Setting Hearing Date for Motions, hereinafter "March 17, 2005 Order," Docket Item No. 87, at 2:18-19, 2:22-25.) As a result, this Court reinstated Plaintiff's Motion. (March 17, 2005 Order at 3:1-4.)

This Court denies Plaintiff's Motion to Reopen Discovery. Plaintiff argues that Defendant's most recent production of eight documents gives this Court good cause to reopen discovery. In essence, Defendant proffers a twofold counter-argument. First, Defendant argues, the documents that it

## Case 5:03-cv-02644-JW Document 91 Filed 06/14/05 Page 2 of 3

recently produced do not raise any new issues. (Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion,
hereinafter "Defendant's Opposition," Docket Item No. 58, 4:20-5:23 (wherein Defendant analyzes,
document by document, its recent document production).) Second, Defendant argues, Plaintiff cannot
show good cause for reopening discovery because Plaintiff "served <b>no</b> written discovery" and "took
no depositions" prior to the discovery cut-off date. (Defendant's Opposition at 3:3-4, 3:12.) The
arguments advanced by Defendant in its Opposition are persuasive. Furthermore, even the case upon
which Plaintiff himself relies, Rosario v. Livaditis, 963 F.2d 1013 (7th Cir. 1992), apparently cuts
against him. (Plaintiff's Motion at 3:14-17.) As Judge Wood in that case noted, "A party who fails to
pursue discovery in the face of a court ordered cut-off cannot plead prejudice from his own inaction.'
Rosario, 963 F.2d at 1019.

For these reasons, this Court DENIES Plaintiff's Motion to Reopen Discovery.

Dated: June 14, 2005 /s/James Ware JAMES WARE

United States District Judge 03cv2644reopen-disc

## THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT COPIES OF THIS ORDER HAVE BEEN DELIVERED TO:

Ellen B. Kamon <u>ekamon@sortlaw.com</u>			
John A. Shepardson	johnshepardson@hotmail.com		

Dated: June 14, 2005 Richard W. Wieking, Clerk

By:/s/JWchambers
Ronald L. Davis
Courtroom Deputy